

THE CLIFTON CLARION.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25.

Origin of Some Famous Songs.

The Old Folks at Home" was written by Foster, who received \$15,000 for it in the way of copy right and sales.

"America," was written by Rev Samuel Francis Smith in 1832, and was first sung in Boston on the Fourth of July of that year.

"Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean," was written by Thomas a'Becket, an English actor, who, in 1873, was a teacher of music at Philadelphia.

The tune of "John Brown's Body is Lying in the Grave," is of Methodist camp meeting origin. It was adapted to its present use by an organist in Harvard Church in 1861.

"Woodman Spare that Tree," was written by George P. Morris, because the purchaser of a friend's estate wanted to cut down a tree which his grandfather had planted. His friend paid the buyer \$10 to save it. Morris was touched by the story and wrote the song.

For "Kathleen Mavourneen," Couch, the author, received \$25 for its production, and afterward became a begging tramp, while his publisher could have built a brownstone front out of its sales.

"The Star-Spangled Banner," was written by Francis Scott Key, while watching the bombardment of Fort Mifflin, in 1814. The song was printed in the Baltimore American eight days after the battle, under the title of "The Defense of Fort Mifflin."

"Home, Sweet Home," was written for an opera by John Howard Payne. It was first sung in the Covent Garden Theater at London, and made a big hit. One hundred thousand copies were sold the first year, and by the end of the second its publishers had cleared \$10,000 from it.

"Maryland, My Maryland," was written by James R. Randall, of Washington City, who is a modest-looking, dark complexioned man of forty. He was very young when he wrote that beautiful poem. His ideas are broader now.

"Hail Columbia," was written by Joseph Hopkinson, in the summer of 1798, and it was first called the "President's March." It was always sung when Washington came into the theater, and one of the objects of its writing was the cultivation of a patriotic spirit among the people of the new Republic.

Punishing a Slanderer.
Thirty-nine lashes and the signing of an affidavit that he was a malicious liar, is the penalty which G. W. Murphy, of Americus, Ga., has just paid for slanderous remarks concerning a respectable lady. On January 8th Murphy told a slanderous tale to several companions, which was subsequently conveyed to the friends of the lady, whose reputation was at stake. They promptly held a council of war, and decided to hold Murphy to account. He was first taken to the office of Clerk Pillsbury, of the Superior Court, where he affixed his signature to a card stating that what he had said was "a base and malicious falsehood." He was then taken to a secluded spot, where, his shoulders being stripped, a cowhide was used to such effect as to draw yells of pain from the wretch. When fifteen lashes had been administered he begged and pleaded for remission of the balance, but it was not until the entire thirty-nine had been given that he was turned loose with the admonition to get out of the way. The parties alleged to have administered the chastisement are very secretive, but one of them was heard to say, exultingly: "Cohen did the cowhiding like a veteran."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A new and novel method of dealing with the liquor question is proposed by a member of the Minnesota Legislature, who has introduced a bill, which makes it a criminal offense to sell liquor to any one addicted to using intoxicating liquors, who is not licensed to purchase it. The bill makes it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, to sell intoxicating liquors to any person, who drinks to excess, unless he presents a license authorizing him to drink the liquor which he desires to purchase. The advocates of this measure think it is the most practical method yet devised for the suppression of drunkenness.—Exchange.

Apostle Teardle, in an address to the Mormons at Nephi, Utah, concealed the children as follows: "I want to caution the children. There's men around asking the children how many wives their fathers have. If they ask you tell them you don't know. I'd rather

you tell them a lie to defend your friends and parents than tell the truth that will bring trouble upon them."

FIRE-PROOF INDIANS.

Picturesque Acts of Legerdemain Among the Southern Redskins.

Mr. John B. Sweet, who has recently been traveling in New Mexico and Arizona, gave an interesting and graphic sketch to a Denver Tribune reporter of the "Hash-kawn Dance," which he witnessed at one of the Navajo agencies: "It took place in a large corral, or inclosure, of an irregular circular form, about forty paces in diameter. Its fence, about eight feet high, was constructed of fresh juniper and pine boughs. In the center was a conical pile of dry wood, about fifteen feet high, which was to make the great central fire. Around this, a few feet from the fence, a dozen smaller fires were burning for the comfort and convenience of the spectators, who numbered about five hundred men, women and children, gathered here from the various parts of the Navajo country. The fire dance was the most picturesque and startling of all. Sometime before the dancers entered, I heard strange sounds, mingled with the blowing of the buffalo horn. The sounds were much like the call of the sandhill crane, and may, perhaps, be properly called 'trumpeting,' and they were made by the dancers constantly during the exercises. The noises continued to grow louder and come nearer, until we heard them at the opening in the east, and in a moment after, men having no more clothing on than a breechcloth, entered. Every man bore a long, thick bundle of shredded cedar bark in each hand, except the leader, who carried four smaller fagots of the same material. Four times they all danced round the fire, waving their bundles of bark toward the flame; then they halted in the east; the leader advanced toward the central fire, lit one of his little fagots, and trumpeting loudly, threw it over the fence of the corral in the east. He performed a similar act at the south, the west, and the north, but before the northern brand was thrown, he lit with the fagots of his comrades. As each brand disappeared over the fence, some of the spectators blew into their hands and made a motion as if tossing some substance after the departing flame. When the fagots were all lit the whole band began a wild race around the fire. At first they kept close together and spat upon one another some substance of supposed medicinal virtue. Soon they scattered and ran, apparently without concert, the rapid racing causing the brands to throw out long brilliant streamers of flame over the naked hands and arms of the dancers. They then proceeded to apply the brands to their own nude bodies, and the bodies of their comrades in front of them—no man ever once turning around. At times the dancer struck the victim vigorous blows with his flaming wand; again he seized the flame as it were a sponge, and, creeping close to the one pursued, rubbed the back of the latter for several moments, as if he was bathing him. In the meantime the sufferer would catch up with some one in front of him and, in turn, bathe him in flame. At times when a dancer found no one in front of him, he proceeded to 'sponge' his own back, and might keep this up while making two or three circuits around the fire, or until he overtook some one else. At each application of the blaze the loud trumpeting was heard, and it often seemed as if a flock of a hundred cranes were winging their way overhead southward through the darkness. If a brand became extinguished it was lit again in the central fire; but when it was so far consumed as to be no longer held conveniently in the hand, the dancer dropped it and rushed trumpeting out of the corral. Thus one by one they all departed, and spectators stepped into the arena, picked up the fascicles of bark, lit them, and bathed their hands in the flames as a charm against the evil effects of fire."

"Were they not blistered?" asked the reporter.

"They were not hurt in the least," was the answer. "I believe they were protected by a coating of earth or clay paint. That, however, did not make the effect any less strange. I have beheld many fire scenes on the stage, many acts of fire-eating and fire-handling by civilized jugglers, and many fire-dances by other Indian tribes, but nothing quite comparable to this. The scenic accessories were unique. Demons scouring lost souls with the eternal fire could scarcely be pictured to look more awful."

An official at the Tombs in New York, says Scotland Yard detectives have been in the prison, and the features of the dynamiter Short, who stabbed Phelan, have been examined with a view to identifying him as being one of the principles in the outrages in Ireland. It is even said Short was engaged in the Phoenix Park murder. It is said to be certain the British Government has evidence proving his connection with crimes in Ireland before he fled to this country, and that an attempt will be made to secure evidence for the purpose of having him extradited.

"Don't my son owe you a little bar bill, Tom?" asked a gentleman, as he emptied his glass, turning to the gentlemanly bartender of the Palace, who was delighted at the prospect of the old man settling up his son's bill. "Yes, we have a little bill of \$25.50 against him. Shall I receipt the bill?" asked Thomas, anxiously. "Well, no, but just give me a dozen of those sublime cigars and add them to my son's account."

An Eastern paper says a widow in that country, who writes well, is training herself for an editor, but the paper don't say who the editor is.

The women of Siam have petitioned the king to take from their husbands the right to pledge them in the payment of gambling debts.

"Burial on the installment plan" is announced in Philadelphia as putting respectable burial within the reach of all.

Solomon, Wickersham & Company

TEVISTON, Cochise Co. A. T.

FORWARDERS.

Goods marked to our care promptly forwarded to Fort Bowie, Solomonville, Sedford, Smithville, Fort Thomas, San Carlos and Globe.

We carry at all times a full stock of

General Merchandise

Consisting of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Notions, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Liquors, Tobacco & Cigars.

Our stock of

Lumber, Shingles, Doors,

Etc., is purchased from the manufacturers, and is selected with a knowledge of the wants of purchasers.

Agents—Anchor Beer and Fish Bros. Wagon.

THE

World's Exposition

Opened Tuesday, Dec. 16, 1884.

IN THE PRESENCE OF

The Presidents of the American Republics,

Viz—Arthur, of the United States; Diaz, of Mexico; Barrios, of Guatemala; Bogran, of Honduras;

The Colossal Exhibit of All Time!

16 Immense Exhibition Buildings: One—the largest building ever erected; another—the largest conservatory in the world.

90 Acres of Space Under Cover

Low transportation rates from all points. Ample accommodations at reasonable rates for all visitors.

During the period of the Exposition, from December 16, 1884, to June 1, 1885, the temperature at New Orleans averages 65 Fahr. The lawn and shrubbery remain green, flowers bloom, fruits ripen, and all kinds of vegetables grow and mature. Full information promptly furnished. Address, E. A. BUREE, Director General, New Orleans, La.

CAMP THOMAS

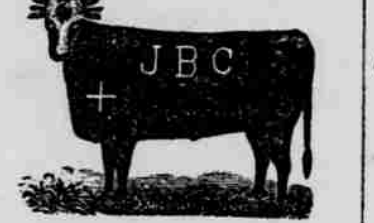
LIVERY STABLE,

W. M. TUTTLE, Proprietor.

Parties arriving in Camp Thomas and desiring either vehicle or saddle horses to convey them to neighboring towns, can be furnished with the same at all times by addressing the undersigned.

W. M. TUTTLE, CAMP THOMAS, ARIZ., Sept. 17, 1884.

\$100 REWARD.



The above reward will be paid for the detection and conviction of any person or persons caught stealing or killing any cattle of the above brand. H. R. BARRY. Parties having stock cattle for sale will find a purchaser by applying to H. R. BARRY. MAXEY, A. T., July 20, 1885.

LOUIS VOELCKEL, Solomonville, THOS. J. NEESE, Fort Thomas.

Neese & Voelckel,

Merchant.

THE ONLY JOBBER IN

Pride of Denver Flour

....AND....

Colorado Potatoes.

Correspondence with the trade solicited.

F. E. MCGINNESS,

Post Trader,

Fort Thomas, Ariz.

Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of

Gents' Furnishing Goods

Dry Goods & Groceries

Finest brands of

Wines and Cigars

Both Domestic and Foreign.

Ranch Supplies a Specialty.

Post Office adjoining the store.

HARRY MARSHALL

Lordsburg : : : New Mexico.

Wholesale

Liquor Dealer!

Straight Kentucky

WHISKIES

A Specialty.

CALIFORNIA WINES

—AND—

IMPORTED CIGARS.

Correspondence with the trade solicited

CLASSEN BROS.,

LORDSBURG.....N. M.

Dealers in

General Merchandise

California Produce a Specialty

Branch store at Shakespeare, N. M.

Pima Lumbering Co.

Having just completed and put in operation their

New Saw Mill,

Are prepared to furnish

All Kinds of Lumber

At reasonable rates.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Call on or address

H. WEECH, Pima, Graham Co., Ariz.

Graham House!

CAMP THOMAS, A. T

MRS. LOUISA C. RUPKEY

Proprietress.

Single Meals.....50 Cts.

Lodgings.....50 "

Special Rates to Permanent Boarders!

ALL STAGES ARRIVE AND DEPART FROM THIS HOUSE.

First-Class Lodgings!

Call and be convinced of this fact.

HENRY HARRIS,

Lordsburg.....N. M.

Commission

Merchant.

THE ONLY JOBBER IN

Pride of Denver Flour

....AND....

Colorado Potatoes.

Correspondence with the trade solicited.

F. E. MCGINNESS,

Post Trader,

Fort Thomas, Ariz.

Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of

Gents' Furnishing Goods

Dry Goods & Groceries

Finest brands of

Wines and Cigars

Both Domestic and Foreign.

Ranch Supplies a Specialty.

Post Office adjoining the store.

HARRY MARSHALL

Lordsburg : : : New Mexico.

Wholesale

Liquor Dealer!

Straight Kentucky

WHISKIES

A Specialty.

CALIFORNIA WINES

—AND—

IMPORTED CIGARS.

Correspondence with the trade solicited

CLASSEN BROS.,

LORDSBURG.....N. M.

Dealers in

General Merchandise

California Produce a Specialty

Branch store at Shakespeare, N. M.

Pima Lumbering Co.

Having just completed and put in operation their

New Saw Mill,

Are prepared to furnish

All Kinds of Lumber

At reasonable rates.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Call on or address

H. WEECH, Pima, Graham Co., Ariz.

Graham House!

CAMP THOMAS, A. T

MRS. LOUISA C. RUPKEY

Proprietress.

Single Meals.....50 Cts.

Lodgings.....50 "

Special Rates to Permanent Boarders!

ALL STAGES ARRIVE AND DEPART FROM THIS HOUSE.

First-Class Lodgings!

Call and be convinced of this fact.

C. H. DANE & CO

DEMING, N. M.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURNITURE,

Upholstering Goods,

Carpets, Curtains,

Lamps, Glassware,

Queensware,

Chandeliers, Etc.

Largest Stock in the Territory

A Full Line of

Undertakers' Goods.

METALLIC CASKETS

Constantly on hand

Parties about to furnish houses are invited to correspond with our house.

Orders by telegraph will receive prompt attention.

Gen. Agts. for Giant Powder Co.

GLOBE AND CAMP THOMAS

Will be, hereafter, regularly run between the above points, leaving Globe every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and Camp Thomas every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, connecting at the latter place with Norton & Stewart's stage line to Bowie Station and intermediate points.

FARE:

From Globe to Camp Thomas.....\$12.50

From Globe to Bowie Station.....20.00

Bowie Station

And

Camp Thomas

STAGE LINE.

Norton & Stewart, Prop's.

A DAILY LINE OF STAGES

Will be run between the above points, connecting at Solomonville with stage line for Clifton and Upper Gila, at Bowie Station with the Southern Pacific railroad, and at Camp Thomas with stage-line to and from Globe.

FARE:

From Bowie Station to Camp Thomas.....\$12.50

From Bowie Station to Globe.....20.00

Duncan and Carlisle

Tri-Weekly

STAGE LINE.

Four-Horse Concord Coaches

Leave Duncan Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, after arrival of trains, and return on alternate days.

Fare Either Way, \$3.

PARKS BROS., Pro's.

SHELDON AND SOLOMONVILLE

The most direct and comfortable route from

Clifton and Lordsburg

....TO....

Solomonville and Settlements on the Gila.

Leaves Sheldon, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Fare.....\$5

Morenci and Clifton

Stage & Express Line

Carrying U. S. Mails

Daily, Sundays Excepted.

Stages carrying Passengers and Express Leave post office at Morenci 6:30 a. m. Leave Clifton 4 p. m.

HENRY FOWLER, Sup't.

ARIZONA COPPER CO'S

ASSAY OFFICE!

West side of river in Company's building.

Assaying of Every Kind of

Ores and Bullion.